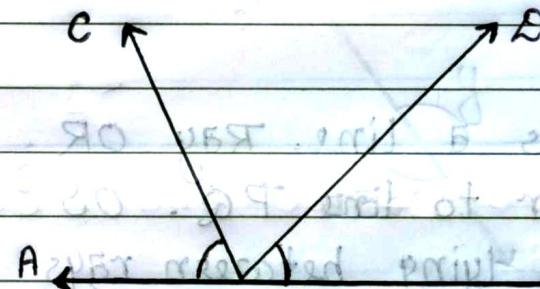


## Important Questions (Lines and Angles)

Sub  $\Rightarrow$  Maths class  $\Rightarrow$  9<sup>th</sup>

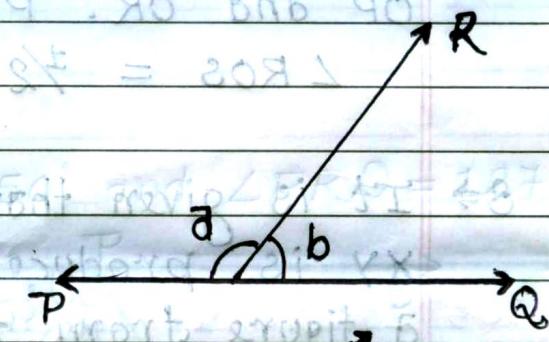
### One mark Questions -

- 1  $\Rightarrow$  In the given figure  $\angle AOC + \angle BOD = 80^\circ$ , find  $\angle COD$ .



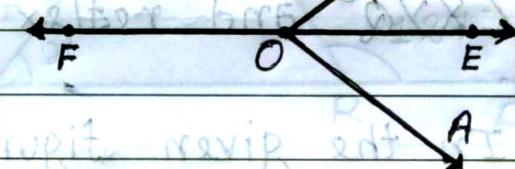
- 2  $\Rightarrow$  In the given fig.  $\angle POR$  and  $\angle QOR$  form a linear pair.

If  $a - b = 80^\circ$ , find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

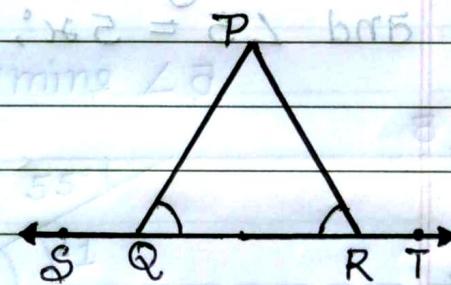


- 3  $\Rightarrow$  Ray OE bisects  $\angle AOB$  and OF is the ray opposite to OE.

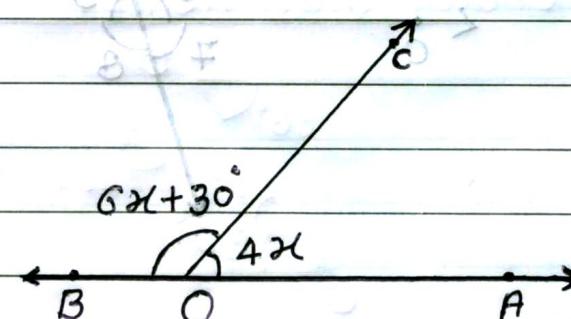
Show that  $\angle FOB = \angle FOA$



- 4  $\Rightarrow$  In fig.  $\angle PQR = \angle PRQ$ , then prove that  $\angle PQS = \angle PRT$ .

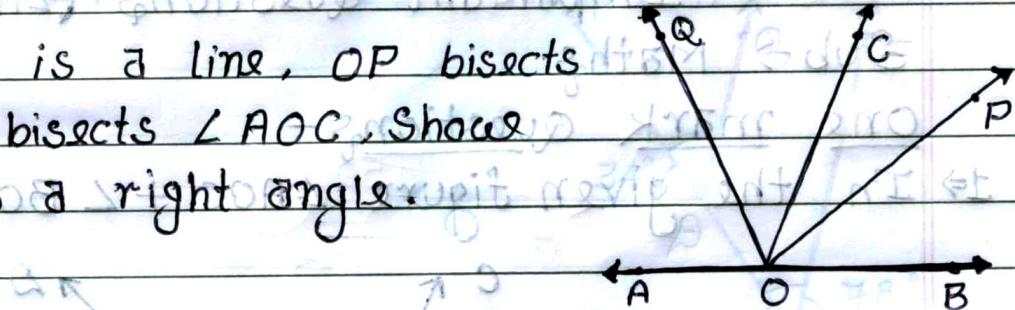


- 5  $\Rightarrow$  What value of  $x$  would make  $AOB$  a line in the given figure, if  $\angle AOC = 4x$  and  $\angle BOC = 6x + 30^\circ$ ?



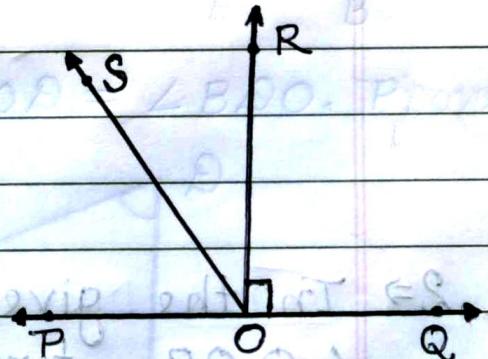
Tan mark questions:-

6 ⇒ In fig. if  $AOB$  is a line,  $OP$  bisects  $\angle BOC$  and  $OQ$  bisects  $\angle AOC$ . Show that  $\angle POQ$  is a right angle.



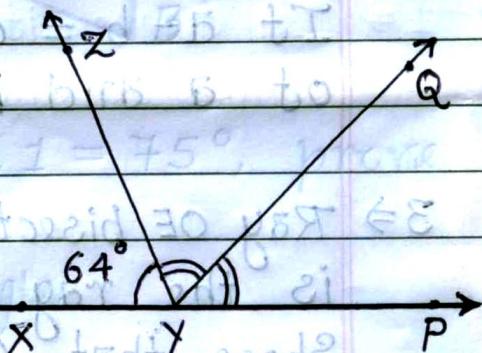
7 ⇒ In fig.  $POQ$  is a line. Ray  $OR$  is perpendicular to line  $PQ$ .  $OS$  is another ray lying between rays  $OP$  and  $OR$ . Prove that,

$$\angle ROS = \frac{1}{2} (\angle QOS - \angle POS)$$

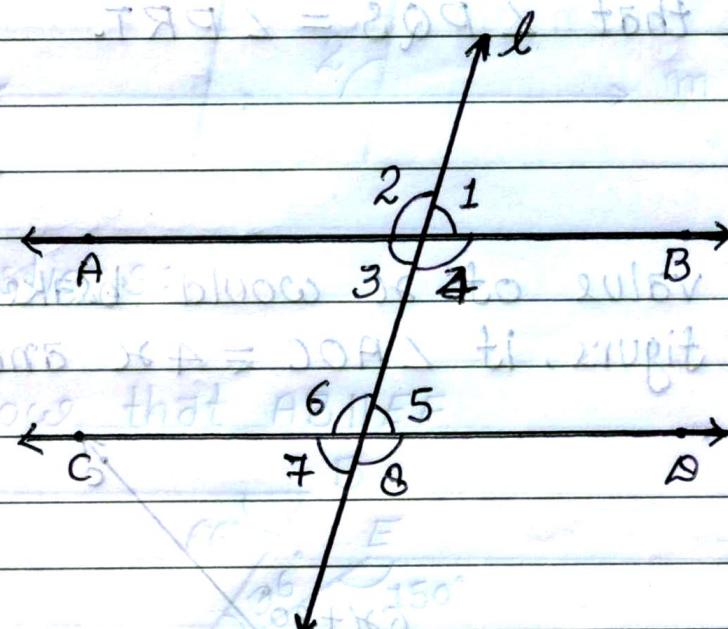


8 ⇒ It is given that  $\angle XYZ = 64^\circ$  and  $XY$  is produced to point  $P$ . Draw a figure from the given information.

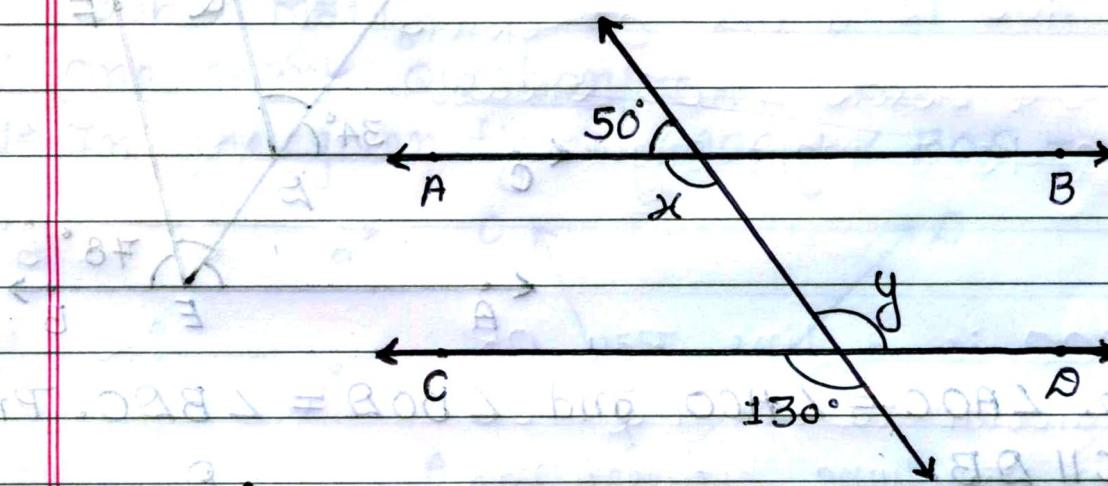
If ray  $YQ$  bisects  $\angle ZYP$ , find  $\angle XYQ$  and reflex  $\angle QYP$ .



9 ⇒ In the given figure  $AB \parallel CD$ . If  $\angle 1 = (120 - x)^\circ$  and  $\angle 5 = 5x^\circ$ , find the measures of  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 5$ .

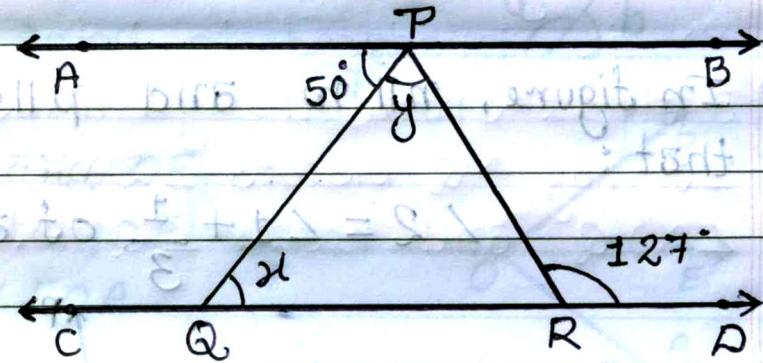


10  $\Rightarrow$  In fig. find the values of  $x$  and  $y$  and then show that  $AB \parallel CD$

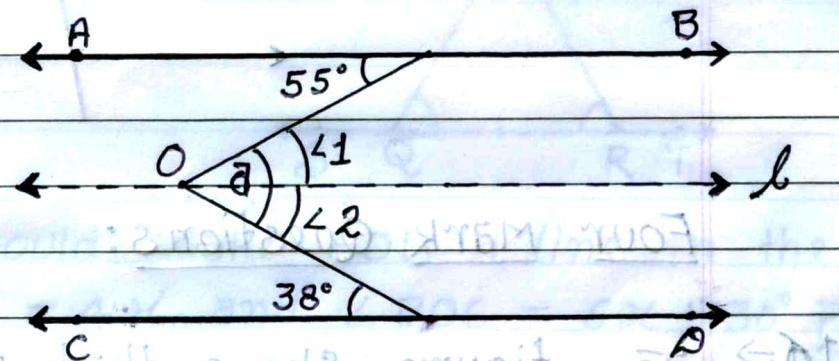


### Three Mark Questions:

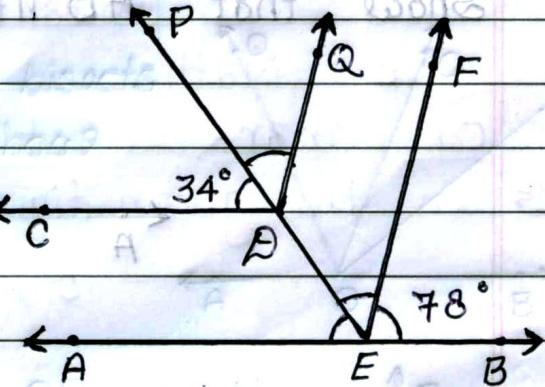
11  $\Rightarrow$  In figure. if  $AB \parallel CD$ ,  $\angle APQ = 50^\circ$  and  $\angle PRD = 127^\circ$ ; find  $x$  and  $y$ .



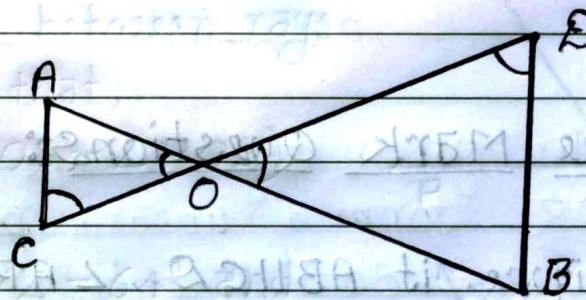
12  $\Rightarrow$  In the given fig.,  $AB \parallel CD$ . Determine  $\angle \alpha$



13  $\Rightarrow$  In figure,  $AB \parallel CD$  and  $EF \parallel PQ$ . Determine  $\angle PQA$ ,  $\angle AED$  and  $\angle BEF$ .

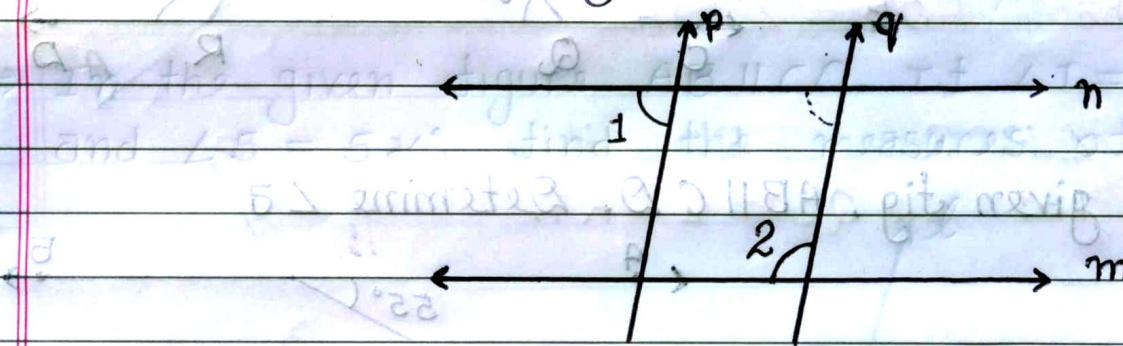


14  $\Rightarrow$  In figure,  $\angle AOC = \angle ACO$  and  $\angle BOD = \angle BDO$ . Prove that  $AC \parallel DB$ .



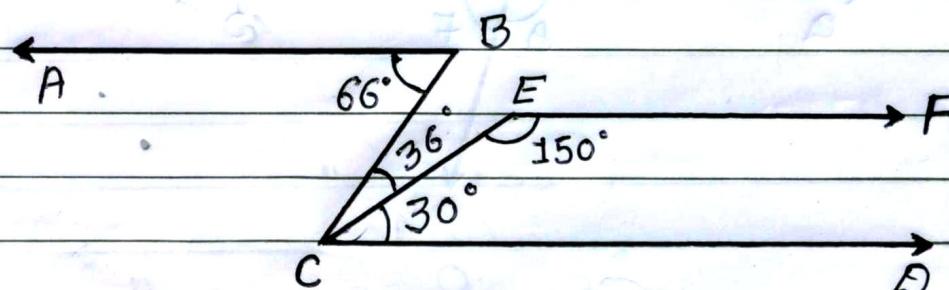
15  $\Rightarrow$  In figure,  $n \parallel m$  and  $p \parallel q$ . If  $\angle 1 = 75^\circ$ , prove that :

$$\angle 2 = \angle 1 + \frac{1}{3} \text{ of a right angle.}$$

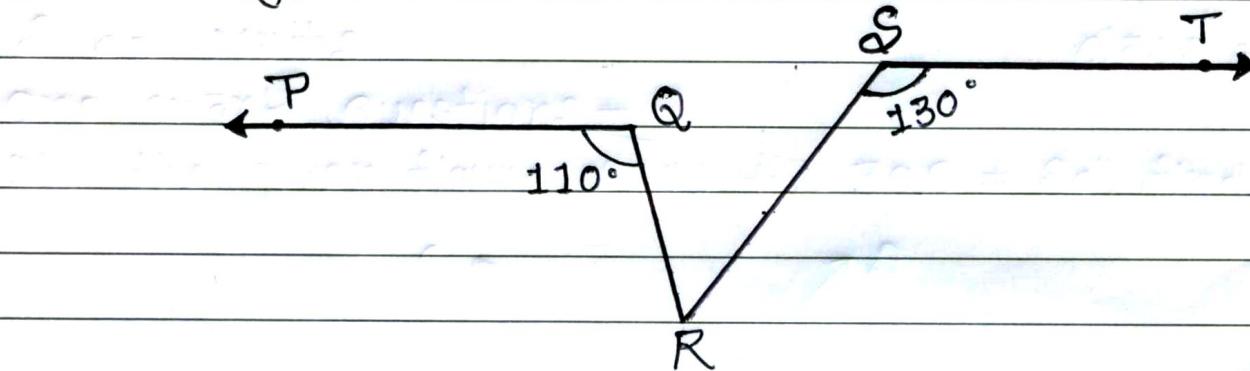


#### Four Mark Questions:

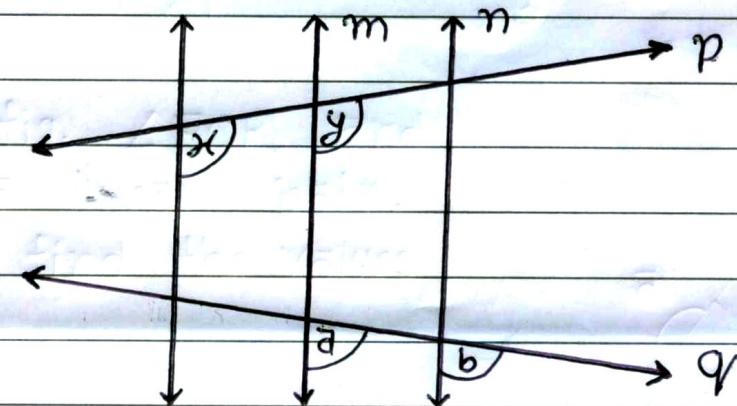
16  $\Rightarrow$  In figure, show that  $AB \parallel EF$



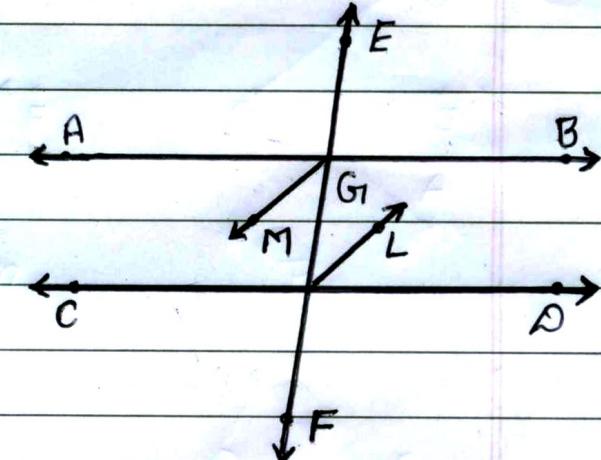
17  $\Rightarrow$  In fig., if  $PQ \parallel ST$ ,  $\angle PQR = 110^\circ$  and  $\angle RST = 130^\circ$ , find  $\angle QRS$ .



18  $\Rightarrow$  In fig if  $x=y$  and  $a=b$ , prove that  $r \parallel n$ .



19  $\Rightarrow$  In fig. bisectors of  $\angle GM$  and  $\angle HL$  of alternate angles  $\angle AGH$  and  $\angle DHG$  respectively are parallel to each other. Prove that  $AB \parallel CD$ .



20  $\Rightarrow$  In fig. m and n are two plane mirrors perpendicular to each other. Prove that the incident ray CA is parallel to reflected ray BD.

